## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Lucas SAE 50 Plus Racing Only



## Section 1. Identification

**GHS** product identifier

: Lucas SAE 50 Plus Racing Only

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product number** 

: 10035, 10044, 10094, 10095, 10107

Identified uses

Engine oil.

Supplier's details

: Lucas Oil Products, Inc 302 North Sheridan Street Corona, California 92880-2067 Toll Free: (800) 342-2512 Tel: (951) 270-0154 Fax: (951) 270-1902

Website: www.LucasOil.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: (951) 493-1149 (951) 847-5949 Markn@lucasoil.com

7:00A.M. to 5:00P.M. Monday thru Friday

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H350 - May cause cancer.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.

P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise** 

classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate	1 - 5	68649-42-3
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	0.1 - 1	63449-39-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

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: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may

need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

Eye contact

## Section 4. First aid measures

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

carbonyl halides

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : No special precaution is required.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

## **Appropriate engineering**

controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.]

Color : Blue. Odor : Petroleum. **Odor threshold** : Not available. pH : Not available. : Not available. **Melting point** : >260°C (>500°F) **Boiling point** 

Flash point : Closed cup: 243.33°C (470°F)

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

: 0.901 **Relative density** 

**Solubility** : Negligible at 25°C Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

: Kinematic (100°C): 0.18 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (18 cSt) **Viscosity** 

**Volatility** : Not available. **VOC** content : 2 % (w/w)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Excessive heat.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong Oxidising Agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	LD50 Oral	Rat	26100 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	Eyes - Irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	- 100 mg	-
waxee, emere	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	24 hours 100 mg	_

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	-	-	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.	-	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

**Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

There is no data available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate	Acute EC50 1 to 5 mg/L Acute EC50 1 to 1.5 mg/L Chronic LC50 1 to 5 mg/L	Algae Crustaceans Fish	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	Acute LC50 160000 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

There is no data available.

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### Section 14. Transport information **DOT Classification IMDG UN** number Not regulated.

Not regulated. Not regulated.

**UN proper** shipping name

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**IATA** 

			Lucas SAE 50 Plus Racing Only
Section 14.	Transport i	information	
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	<del>-</del>	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

**AERG**: Not Applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air

**Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

**SARA 302/304** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure		Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	-	No. No.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. No.	No. Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate	68649-42-3	1 - 5
Supplier notification	Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate	68649-42-3	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-refined; Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate

California Prop. 65

No products were found.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Physical hazards: 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

**Health**: 0 **Flammability**: 1 **Instability**: 0

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 04/15/2015

Version : 1

Revised Section(s) : Not applicable.

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

## Section 16. Other information

#### **Key to abbreviations**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.